

Published monthly by

ISBE

Content Specialists

Kindergarten through Second Grade

Inside this issue:

Assessment	1
ELA	2
Math	3
Science	4
Social Studies	5
Learning Support	6

If you have any suggestions, questions or concerns, click HERE to contact our editors.

The Teachers' Newsletter from Illinois Classrooms in Action

Grade band lessons, ideas and information Focus: Science Integration

Volume 7 Issue V

December/January 2018/2019

Resources for Implementing 3 Dimensional Science Assessment

The Next Generation Science Standards website provides many quality resources to support the current Illinois science standards. Listed below are some of

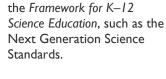
Listed below are some of those resources. For a full list, visit the website:

https:// www.nextgenscience.org/ assessment-resources

Science Assessment
Criteria: This document
describes the most
important features of
statewide summative
assessments designed for
three-dimensional standards
based on A Framework for K-

12 Science Education, such as the NGSS.

Science Assessment Task Screening Tools: These two tools are intended to assist educators in evaluating science assessment tasks to determine whether they are designed for threedimensional science



standards based on

Transforming Science
Assessment: Challenges
and Recommendations
for States: This brief
describes some key

challenges associated with developing assessments for new three-dimensional science standards and recommendations for states to consider.



Early Learning Activities for Science

Primary grade teachers looking for some interesting activities to assess their students' skills with inquiry have an excellent resource with the NASA education page.

You simply enter the subject and grade level and the website generates some wonderful activities to engage and educate your early learners.

Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology

The activities include Exploring the colors of Mars, planetary poetry, and rockets.

To learn more about these and other primary science activities, check out the NASA TEACH webpage.

https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/edu/teach/tag/grade/K%2C1%2C2

Page 2 ELA

How the Illinois Learning Standards and NGSS Work Together



Imagination is
more important
than
knowledge. Albert Einstein

Susan Pimentel, a planning committee member, principal of Student Achievement Partners, and one of the developers of the Common Core State Standards (CCSS), addressed the rationale behind the development of the informational text literacy standards. First, reading informational text standards are included in the ILS for ELA to ensure that science retains a meaningful place in the elementary grades, where reading and mathematics are heavily emphasized, while also recognizing the limited time in the school day. A second motivation for creating reading for information text standards is to ensure that high school students are prepared to access and use science texts, which are often

difficult for students to comprehend due to challenging words and grammar, atypical logic structures, and multiple representations. There are 10 literacy standards specific to science and technical subjects in 6-12.

The literacy and science standards point to the importance of reading and understanding science texts, such as science articles in magazines and newspapers or on the Web, to prepare students for citizenship. Teachers in kindergarten through 5th grade generally work across subjects and address reading, listening, speaking, and writing in science. At this level, teachers should integrate ELA

standards into the teaching of core disciplinary ideas.

Reading informational text standards are meant to support and reinforce K-5 teaching and learning of science content. Both standards call for students to:

- Build strong content knowledge through text.
- Use appropriate tools strategically.
- Obtain, synthesize and report findings clearly and effectively.
- Value evidence.
- Use digital media/ technology capably.
- Obtain, evaluate and communicate information.

Ideas for Science and Literacy



- It is not enough to read about science but to engage in it's practices. However, engaging students in reading and understanding texts, as well as helping them develop proficiency in communicating science both orally and in writing, should be part of a well rounded science program. Science texts are typically multimodal (text, diagrams, graphs and charts, equations). Many websites provide ideas that support literacy AND science for elementary. Here are a few to check out:
- Exploratorium: The Exploratorium is a science museum with hundreds of hands-on exhibits. The link provides explorations of natural phenomena that teachers or students can make using common, inexpensive, readily available materials.
- 2. Stanford: How Everyday Items are Made is a collection of resources to showcase how things are made such as jellybeans and airplanes. (Flash player needed).
- Ohio State: Beyond
 Penguins and Polar Bears
 provides photos and activities that are aligned to literacy and science standards.
- 4. Library of Congress

 Everyday Mysteries and www.wonderopolois.org

 are both sites offering a collection of questions that students might ponder such as "why do geese fly in a V formation?"

Using engaging sites that connect science and literacy standards is a win-win!

Volume 7 Issue V Mathematics Page 3

Integrating Math and Science

Mathematics and Science are natural partners.

Mathematics is the language used to understand and explain scientific observations.

Science provides opportunities for students to apply the math skills they are developing.

Consider this quote from

an Edutopia article by Ben Johnson: "In math class one of the biggest needs is relevance. Students want to know how they are going to benefit from being able to do calculations. Why not use science to teach math? Since one of the biggest uses of mathematics in science is data gathering

and analysis, that is the best place to start. When a teacher gives students a real science problem to solve—one that requires math tools—the teacher is giving the students a reason to use math. Math then becomes something useful, not something to be dreaded." Access the complete article here.

The Eyes Have It

Provide opportunities for students to explore eye color frequency, inheritance of eye color, and how their eyes work with this Vision Unit from Scholastic. This resource also provides support for teachers as they plan future lessons that integrate math and science.



Mathematics is the gate and key to all the sciences. ~ Roger Bacon

Join us at one of our upcoming free, virtual #ILMathCom events!

Thursday, December 6, 3:30-4:30 Fluency without Fear

A popular request by #ILMathCom participants is a discussion about fluency in mathematics. Join us as we explore what works and what doesn't as we all work towards helping our students achieve fluency in mathematics. Check out

www.mathteachersinaction.org/ilmathcom.html to access the complete listing of upcoming events, register for #ILMathCom events, or to watch the recordings of past events.

Page 4 Science

Integrating Science Across the Curriculum

Science is the perfect opportunity for students to apply the skills they are mastering in their Math and ELA classes. Science provides them with a context in which those skills become necessary and relevant. Providing opportunities for scientific thinking or a scientific context across the curriculum benefits students in many ways. Students are

going to need to make decisions about technology for their personal use, vote on issues that affect themselves and the planet, and make health care choices for themselves and their family. Equipping students with scientific thinking skills will make them better citizens in the future.

Selecting scientific passages for students to read can

inspire student questions. Encourage question asking and provide students with opportunities to investigate the answers to their questions.

Being cognizant of the Science and Engineering Practices and Cross Cutting Concepts and engaging students in these in all subjects is a great way to connect science and other subjects.

The art and science of asking questions is the source of all knowledge. ~ Thomas Berger

Firefly, Firefly

In this first-grade science lesson shared on the National Science Teacher's Association vetted classroom resources page*, students learn talk and write about light.

*These classroom resources are vetted by **NSTA** curators who recommend ways to adapt them to be more in line with the vision of the *NGSS*.



Tuesday, December 18 3:30-4:30 pm

Lacey Wieser, a science content specialist from EdReports. EdReports is currently reviewing science curricular materials and examining their alignment to the Next Generation Science Standards and these reports are scheduled to be released in January. Lacey will share information with us about the review process and why this is so important to the implementation of the NGSS and there will be time for questions and discussion. To stay informed of all upcoming #ILSciCom events and to register go to www.scienceteachersinaction.org/ilscicom.html.

Join us at one of our upcoming free, virtual #ILSciCom events!

Volume 7 Issue V Social Science Page 5

Adding More Science and Social Studies Through Read Alouds

The importance of reading aloud to children on a daily basis can't be overestimated. The U.S. Department of Education Commission on Reading took into account over 10,000 studies and found that the most important activity for building the skills and background for eventual success in reading is reading aloud to children (see Anderson, Hiebert, Scott, & Wilkinson, 1985).

The research on the powers of read-aloud in facilitating comprehension is extensive. As so aptly stated by Mem Fox (2001):

"If we want our children to learn how to read anything—let alone to read more or to read more diverse or more difficult material—it helps immeasurably if we can give them as much experience of the world as possible. We can provide a great deal of information by the act of reading itself. The more we read aloud to our kids and the more they read by themselves, the more experience they'll have of the world through the

things they encounter in books."

Through read-alouds, students can be introduced to topics and genres that they might otherwise not be able to read independently. Background knowledge and vocabulary (the words that are used for concepts) combined are the best predictors of students' comprehension. Strategically chosen read-alouds are a critical arm of a curriculum that assists students' development of vocabulary and concepts for the topics of complex texts.

If we are to empower students as readers of all the texts in their world, we must ensure they have ample opportunity to listen to and reflect upon the broadest possible range of text types which include science and social science. The following are links to read alouds for the elementary classroom:

Click <u>here</u> for Next Generation Science

The teaching of social science and science should have writing and reading at the core.

Connecting Science and Social Science

Science and social studies often get pushed to the side in order to fit in reading, writing, and math. By not teaching science and social studies to our students, we are doing them a disservice.

History and science fit together seamlessly. Scientific innovation has been a driving force in societal change. To put it in perspective for students, have them consider what life would be like without the internet, phones or electricity. Or what it would be like to look up at the stars and not know what they are.

If you're teaching an historical time period, you can focus on scientific discoveries and technological advances during that time. Have students create a presentation that highlights one or more scientific innovations and how they effected society (both then and now).

Developing interdisciplinary lessons and units

can be challenging. There are a number of resources that are attempting to fuse the various disciplines into an integrated approach. They include, but are not limited to:

- Match Fishtank: K-12 instructional materials for science and social science as well as other content areas. These materials are free.
- <u>Louisiana Department of Education</u>: Resources for all content areas.
- Core Knowledge curricular materials



Teaching and Learning Supports

Kindergarten

through

Second

Grade



Check us out on the web under Climate and Culture:



Social Emotional Learning Supporting Science

A common learning strategy that supports most of the Illinois Learning Standards is facilitation of student discussions. Two specific social emotional learning goals and related standards require specific student skills to support these student learning conversations.

<u>SEL Goal 2</u>: Use social-awareness and interpersonal skills to establish and maintain positive relationships.

2A- Recognize the feelings and perspectives of others.

2C - Use communication and social skills to interact effectively with others.

<u>SEL Goal 3</u>: Demonstrate decision making skills and responsible behaviors in personal, school, and community contexts

3B - Apply decision-making skills to deal responsibly with daily academic and social situations.

An increase in student science performance will include not just understanding of content, but also the ability to communicate about their science reasoning. K-2 SEL benchmark language (developmentally specific for the goals/standards above) help identify student Social Emotional Learning competencies that support science classroom strategies such as ambitious science teaching and talk moves (highlighted by the inquiry).

K-3 SEL student benchmarks		
2A	Recognize that others may experience situations differently from oneself.	
	Use listening skills to identify the feelings and perspectives of others.	
2C -	Identify ways to work and play well with others.	
	Demonstrate appropriate social and classroom behavior.	
3В	Identify a range of decisions that students make at school.	
	Make positive choices when interacting with classmates.	

Full K-3 standards/benchmarks available at http://bit.ly/ILSELK_3

Watch for these benchmarks in the following videos of science instruction strategies...



HOW LEARNING HAPPENS

Encouraging Academic Conversations With Talk Moves

https://vimeo.com/106398654

https://youtu.be/UUfTBI1ZZ48



Science Talk Moves .pdf download

https://inquiryproject.terc.edu/shared/pd/ Goals and Moves.pdf